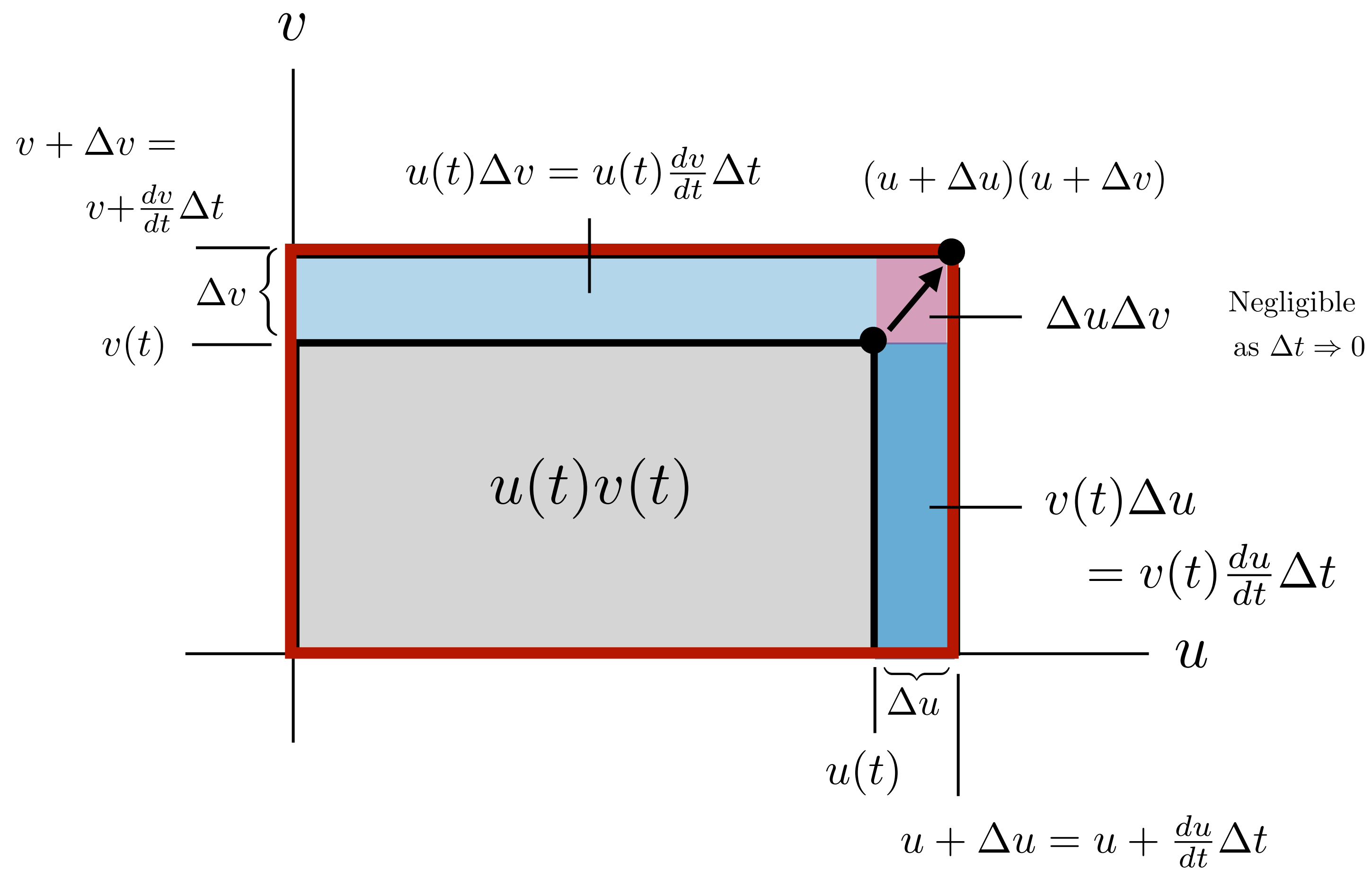


# Calculus

Major sources:

Winter 2022 - Dan Calderone

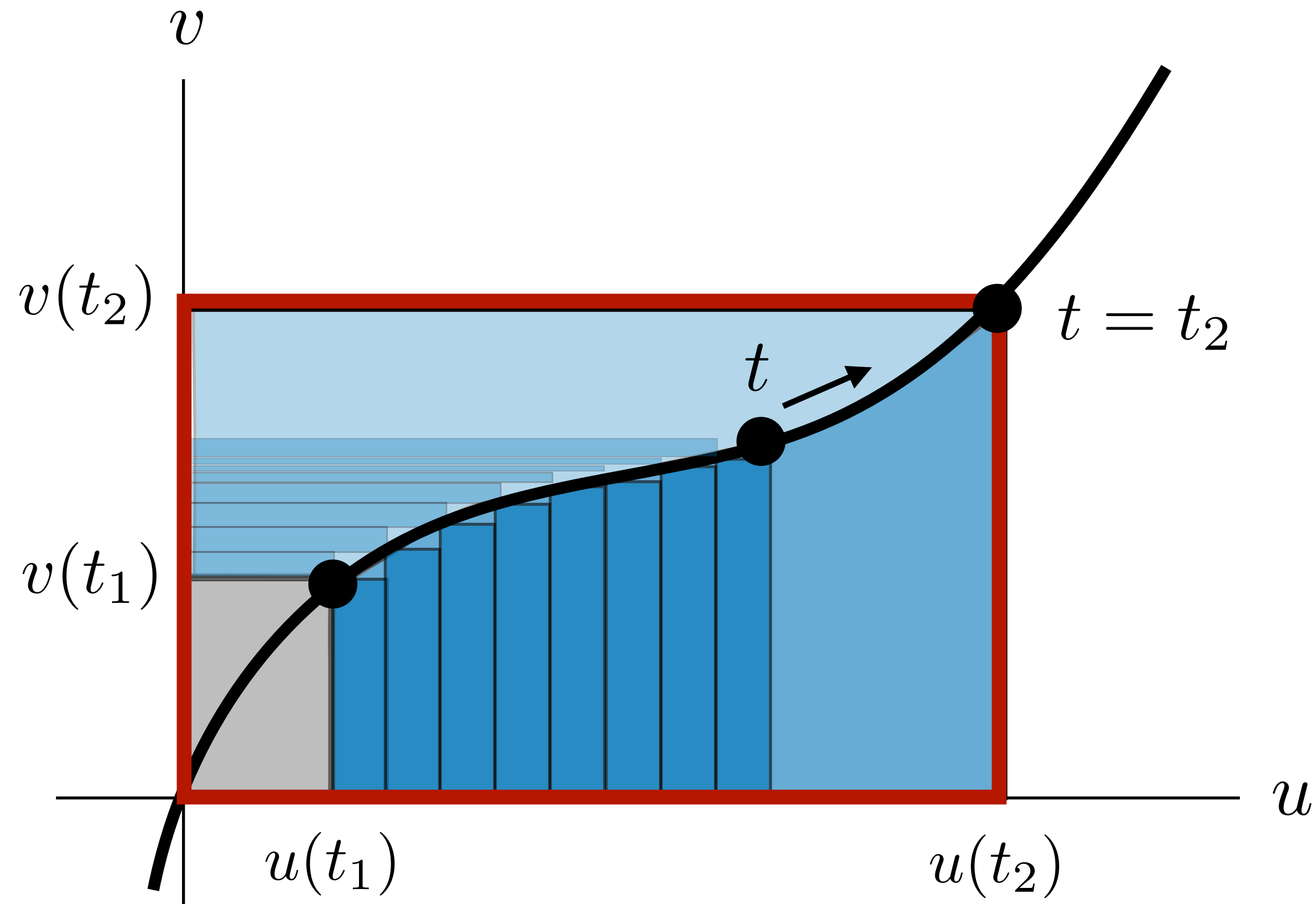
# Product Rule



Product rule for derivatives:

$$\frac{d}{dt} (uv) = \frac{du}{dt} v + u \frac{dv}{dt}$$

# Product rule to integration by parts



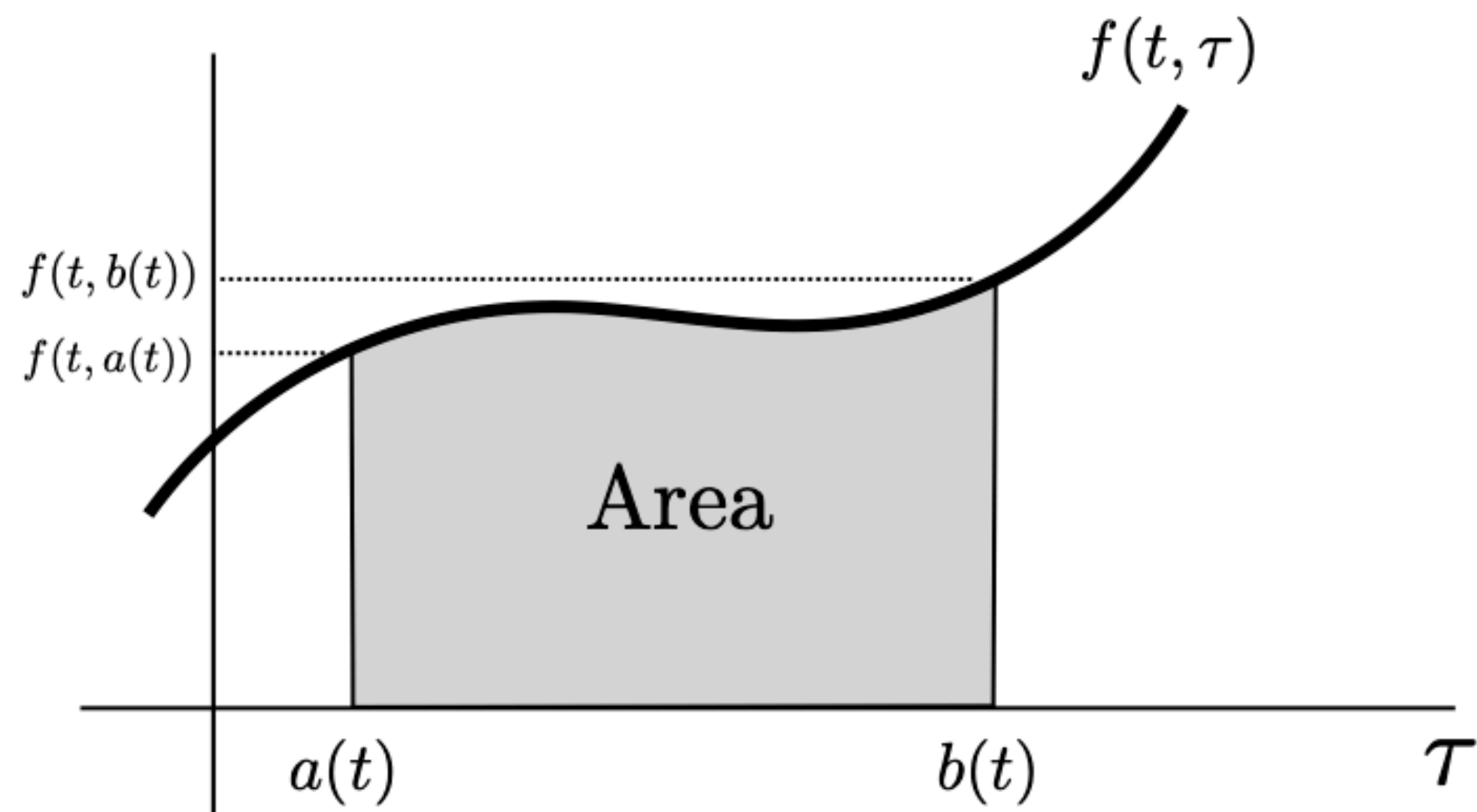
Integrating the product rule...

...to get integration by parts

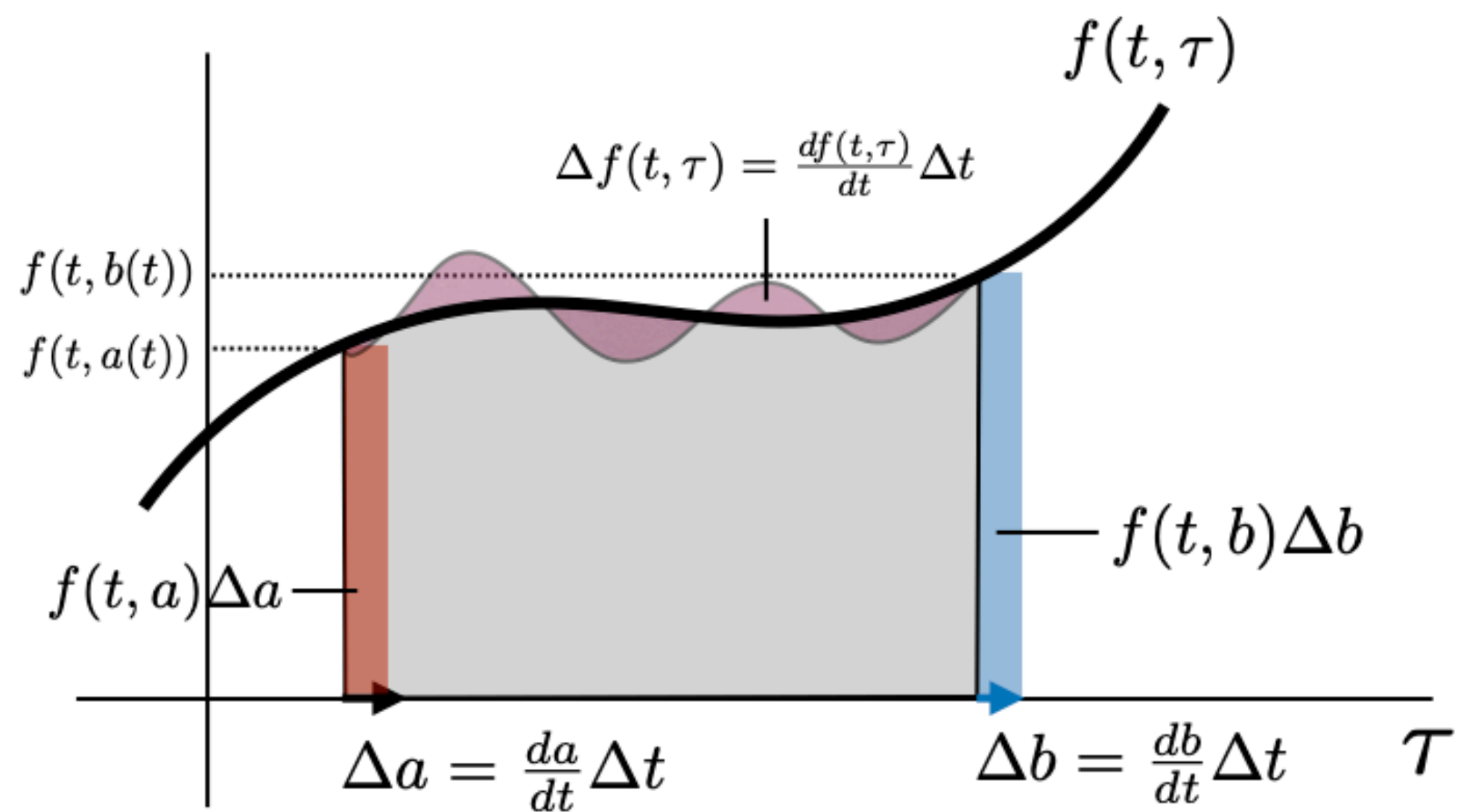
$$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{d}{dt} (uv) dt = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{du}{dt} v + u \frac{dv}{dt} dt$$

$$\Rightarrow [uv]_{t_1}^{t_2} = \int_{u(t_1)}^{u(t_2)} v du + \int_{v(t_1)}^{v(t_2)} u dv$$

# Leibniz Integral Rule



$$\text{Area} = \int_{a(t)}^{b(t)} f(t, \tau) d\tau$$



$$\frac{d\text{Area}}{dt} = f(t, b) \frac{db}{dt} - f(t, a) \frac{da}{dt} + \int_{a(t)}^{b(t)} \frac{df(t, \tau)}{dt} d\tau$$

# Vector Derivatives

**Function:**  $f : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{Y} \quad y = f(x)$

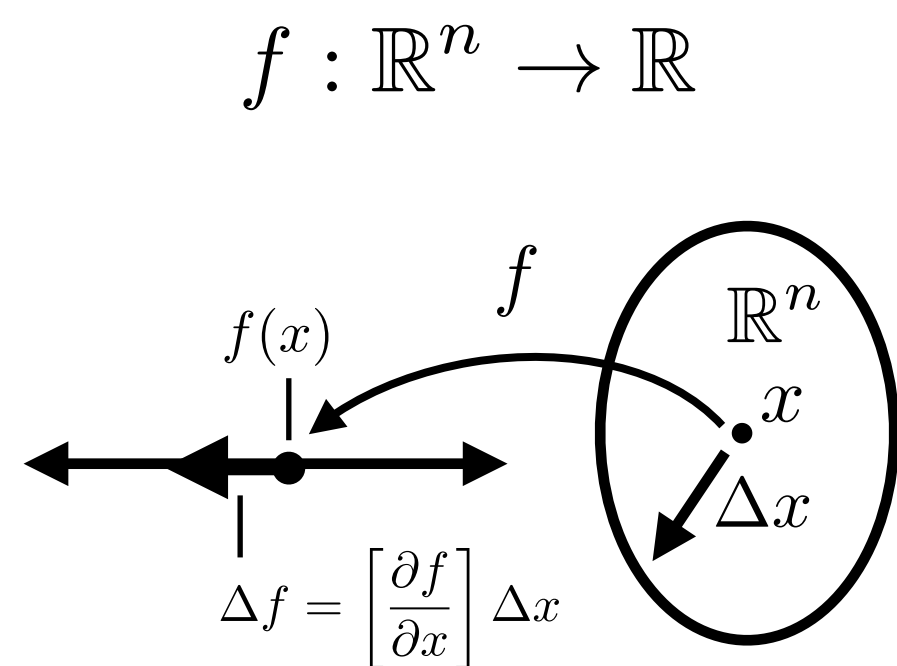
**Derivative:** linear map that estimates  $\Delta f$  given  $\Delta x$

$$\Delta f = \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right] \Delta x \quad \boxed{\Delta f} = \frac{\boxed{\partial f}}{\cancel{\partial x}} \cancel{\Delta x}$$

**Scalar Derivatives:**

$$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \Delta y = \Delta f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Delta x$$

**Vector Derivatives: scalar functions**



$$\Delta f = \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right] \Delta x = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta x_1 \\ \vdots \\ \Delta x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

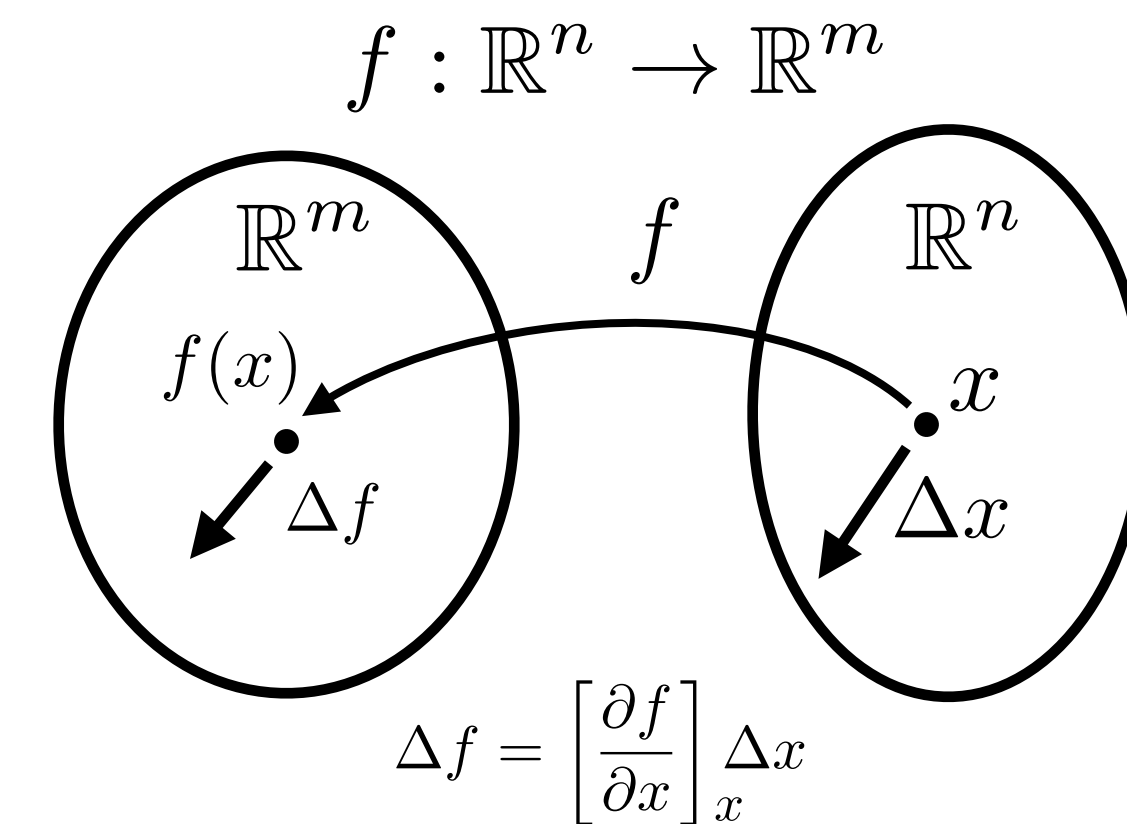
row vector

Vector perturbation

$$= \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} \Delta x_1 + \dots + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_n} \Delta x_n$$

...partial derivative rule

**Vector Derivatives:**  
vector functions



$$\Delta f = \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right] \Delta x = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f_m}{\partial x_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial f_m}{\partial x_n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta x_1 \\ \vdots \\ \Delta x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} | \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} \\ | \end{bmatrix} \Delta x_1 + \dots + \begin{bmatrix} | \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_n} \\ | \end{bmatrix} \Delta x_n = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} \Delta x \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f_m}{\partial x} \Delta x \end{bmatrix}$$